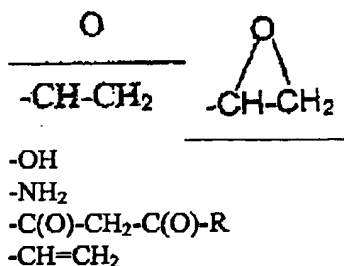


-C(O)-OH



-O-C(O)-CR=CH<sub>2</sub>  
-O-CR=CH<sub>2</sub>

-OH  
-NH<sub>2</sub>  
-C(O)-CH<sub>2</sub>-C(O)-R  
-CH=CH<sub>2</sub>

CM  
7/13/06

At page 22, line 26 to page 23, line 14

The tris(alkoxycarbonylamino)triazines and their derivatives may also be used in a mixture with conventional crosslinking agents. Examples of suitable conventional crosslinking agents are etherified melamine-formaldehyde resins, benzoguanamine resins, compounds or resins containing anhydride groups, compounds or resins containing epoxide groups, blocked and/or unblocked polyisocyanates, beta-hydroxy-alkylamides such as N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(2-hydroxyethyl)-adipamide or N,N,N',N'-tetrakis(2-hydroxypropyl)-adipamide, with [sic] compounds containing on average at least two groups capable of transesterification, examples being reaction products of malonic diester and polyisocyanates or of esters and partial esters of polyhydric alcohols of malonic acid with mono-isocyanates, as described [sic] in the European patent EP-A-0 596 460.

At page 22, lines 17-21

In the second variant of the particularly advantageous embodiment, the powder slurries of the invention may comprise in a second variant [sic] an epoxy-functional crosslinking agent (1) and a carboxyl-containing binder (2).

At page 22, line 23 to page 23, line 2

Examples of suitable carboxyl-containing binders (2) are for example [sic] polyacrylate resins prepared by copolymerizing at least one ethylenically unsaturated monomer containing at least one acid group in the molecule with at least one further ethylenically unsaturated monomer containing no acid groups in the molecule.

At page 27, line 27 to page 29, line 13

It is possible, furthermore, to use the following: